

Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody
Catalog # ABO12457**Specification****Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P16234
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Platelet-derived growth factor receptor α (PDGFR α) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human; Mouse; Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5156

Other Names

Platelet-derived growth factor receptor α , PDGF-R- α , PDGFR- α , 2.7.10.1, Alpha platelet-derived growth factor receptor, Alpha-type platelet-derived growth factor receptor, CD140 antigen-like family member A, CD140a antigen, Platelet-derived growth factor α receptor, Platelet-derived growth factor receptor 2, PDGFR-2, CD140a, PDGFR α , PDGFR2, RHEPDGFR α

Calculated MW

122670 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, By Heat
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat

Subcellular Localization

Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . The activated receptor is rapidly internalized and degraded.

Tissue Specificity

Detected in platelets (at protein level). Widely expressed. Detected in brain, fibroblasts, smooth muscle, heart, and embryo. Expressed in primary and metastatic colon tumors and in normal colon tissue. .

Protein Name

Platelet-derived growth factor receptor α

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human PDGFRA (968-1002aa DFLKSDHPAVARMRVDSNAYIGVTYKNEEDKLKD), identical to the related mouse sequence, and different from the related rat sequence by one amino acid.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-PDGFRα Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name PDGFRA

Synonyms PDGFR2, RHEPDGFRA

Function

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for PDGFA, PDGFB and PDGFC and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, survival and chemotaxis. Depending on the context, promotes or inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration. Plays an important role in the differentiation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells. Required for normal skeleton development and cephalic closure during embryonic development. Required for normal development of the mucosa lining the gastrointestinal tract, and for recruitment of mesenchymal cells and normal development of intestinal villi. Plays a role in cell migration and chemotaxis in wound healing. Plays a role in platelet activation, secretion of agonists from platelet granules, and in thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Binding of its cognate ligands - homodimeric PDGFA, homodimeric PDGFB, heterodimers formed by PDGFA and PDGFB or homodimeric PDGFC - leads to the activation of several signaling cascades; the response depends on the nature of the bound ligand and is modulated by the formation of heterodimers between PDGFRA and PDGFRB. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, and PTPN11. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, mobilization of cytosolic Ca(2+) and the activation of protein kinase C. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and thereby mediates activation of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates activation of HRAS and of the MAP kinases MAPK1/ERK2 and/or MAPK3/ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5A and/or STAT5B. Receptor signaling is down-regulated by protein phosphatases that dephosphorylate the receptor and its down-stream effectors, and by rapid internalization of the activated receptor.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell projection, cilium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26618}. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26618}

Tissue Location

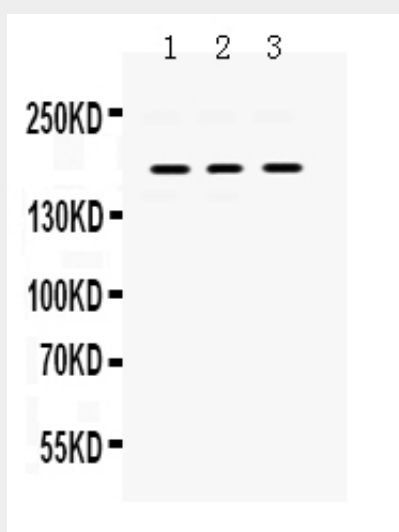
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Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody - Protocols

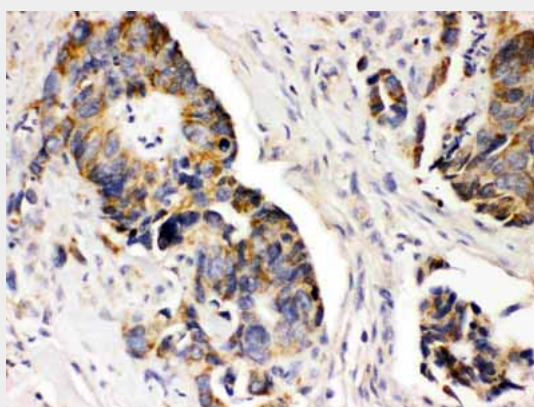
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody - Images



Anti- PDGFR α Picoband antibody, ABO12457, Western blotting All lanes: Anti PDGFR α (ABO12457) at 0.5ug/ml
Lane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ug
Lane 2: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Lane 3: NIH3T3 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug
Predicted bind size: 180KD
Observed bind size: 180KD



Anti- PDGFR α Picoband antibody, ABO12457, IHC(P) IHC(P): Human Intestinal Cancer Tissue

Anti-PDGFR α Picoband Antibody - Background

PDGFR α (Platelet-derived growth factor receptor, α), also called PDGFR2, encodes a cell surface tyrosine kinase receptor for members of the platelet-derived growth factor family. The PDGFR α gene is mapped on 4q12. The PDGFR α -FIP1L1 gene is a constitutively activated tyrosine

kinase that transforms hematopoietic cells and is a therapeutic target of imatinib. And the PDGFRA gene contains 23 exons spanning about 65 kb. Using the human PDGFRA promoter linked to a luciferase reporter, Joosten et al. showed that PAX1 acts as a transcriptional activator of the PDGFRA gene in differentiated human embryonal carcinoma cells. PDGFRA is responsible for mediating cellular contraction of multiple growth factors: TGFB1 and members of the PDGF family. Lei et al. noted that in the rabbit model of the disease, PDGFRA is dramatically more capable of promoting PVR than is the closely related PDGFRB. PDGFRA is a critical receptor required for human CMV infection, and thus a target for novel antiviral therapies.